February 19, 2021

The Honorable Alejandro Mayorkas U.S. Department of Homeland Security 3801 Nebraska Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20395

RE: Release of Supplemental H-2B Visas

Dear Secretary Mayorkas,

As representatives of the nation's forestry and forest products sectors, we would like to congratulate you on your confirmation as the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security. As you know, H-2B forestry workers are critical to the health of America's forests and support the employment of millions of American workers. Despite the pandemic, and in some cases because of the pandemic, the demand for seasonal H-2B workers remains strong. In forestry, we face an urgent need for guestworkers to complete replanting efforts within a rapidly closing seasonal window. As such, we urge the DHS to release all authorized additional H-2B visas for the second half of Fiscal Year 2021 as provided in the FY2021 Omnibus and COVID Relief and Response Act.

The signatories of this letter represent the forestry and forest products industry, which employs nearly 3 million American workers. H-2B forestry workers plant trees on public and private forestlands across the United States following a timber harvest or natural disturbance such as wildfire. Each year, H-2B forestry workers plant 1.5 billion tree seedlings.

The forestry sector relies on seasonal H-2B forestry workers when there are not enough available U.S. workers to fill these short-term, remote, and itinerant jobs. For instance, in 2019, U.S. workers applied for less than 2% of these forestry job vacancies. H-2B workers are also important to rural economies, as each H-2B worker supports more than 4.6 American jobs¹. Further, a 2020 Government Accountability Office report reviewing the H-2B program concluded that "counties with H-2B employers generally had lower unemployment rates and higher average weekly wages than counties that do not have any H-2B employers."²

In 2020, wildfires burned more than 10 million acres of forestland, while other natural disasters like hurricanes in the Southeast, created unusually high demand for replanting this season. At the same time, the COVID-19 pandemic prevented many H-2B workers from traveling to the U.S., and the previous administration's actions to ban H-2B workers made it harder to get the workers we needed. Forest owners estimate that it will take 4-5 years to make up for lost replanting time from this season alone. Without an increase to the H-2B cap for FY 2021, America's working forests will

¹ Zavodny, Madeline. *Immigration and American Jobs*. American Enterprise Institute, 15 Dec. 2011, www.aei.org/research-products/working-paper/immigration-and-american-jobs/seek.

² "H-2B VISAS: Additional Steps Needed to Meet Employers' Hiring Needs and Protect U.S. Workers", GAO-20-230: U.S. Government Accountability Office, 2020, pp. 13–14.

once again fall short of this year's tree planting needs. Trees take decades to mature, and as such, today's actions (or inaction) will impact generations to come.

Planting trees is crucial because working forests are a critical nature-based solution to climate change. By providing a continuous cycle of growing, harvesting, and replanting, active forest management maximizes a forest's ability to sequester and store carbon and improves forest resilience. U.S. forests and forest products offset 15% of U.S. industrial carbon emissions every year. The power of our nation's forest carbon sink to curb the effects of climate change is unmatched by any other sector, but we need the workforce to keep our forests healthy and resilient.

We appreciate the opportunity to work with you on these and other important endeavors that will strengthen the economic, environmental and climate benefits of America's forests while sustaining the millions of Americans who own, invest, and work throughout the forestry supply chain.

We look forward to working with the DHS to address the importance of H-2B forestry workers in renewing public and private forestlands. We urge you to promptly release all authorized supplemental H-2B visas available for FY 2021, so that additional delays in planting trees on public and private forestlands may be avoided.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Deb Hawkinson President, Forest Resources Association dhawkinson@forestresources.org

Dave Tenny President, National Alliance of Forest Owners dtenny@nafoalliance.org

The Undersigned Associations Support this Letter:

- 1. Alabama Forestry Association
- 2. American Forest Resource Council
- 3. Arkansas Forestry Association
- 4. Arkansas Timber Producers Association
- 5. Associated Logging Contractors Idaho
- 6. Associated Oregon Loggers, Inc.
- 7. Association of Consulting Foresters
- 8. Black Hills Forest Resource Association
- 9. California Forestry Association
- 10. Empire State Forest Products Association
- 11. Federal Forest Resource Coalition
- 12. Florida Forestry Association

- 13. Forest Landowners Association
- 14. Forest Resources Association
- 15. Forestry Association of South Carolina
- 16. Georgia Forestry Association
- 17. Great Lakes Timber Professionals Association
- 18. Hawai'i Forest Industry Association
- 19. Intermountain Forest Association
- 20. Kentucky Forest Industries Association
- 21. Louisiana Forestry Association
- 22. Maine Forest Products Council
- 23. Maple Flooring Manufacturers Association
- 24. Massachusetts Forest Alliance
- 25. Michigan Association of Timbermen
- 26. Michigan Forest Products Council
- 27. Minnesota Forest Industries
- 28. Michigan Forest Products Council.
- 29. Minnesota Timber Producers Association
- 30. Mississippi Forestry Association
- 31. National Alliance of Forest Owners
- 32. National Association of State Foresters
- 33. National Woodland Owners Association
- 34. North Carolina Forestry Association
- 35. Northeastern Loggers Association
- 36. Ohio Forestry Association, Inc.
- 37. Oregon Forest & Industries Council
- 38. Pennsylvania Forest Products Association
- 39. Pennsylvania Forestry Association
- 40. Railway Tie Association
- 41. Society of American Foresters
- 42. South Carolina Timber Producers Association
- 43. Southeastern Lumber Manufacturers Association, Inc.
- 44. Southern Loggers Cooperative
- 45. Tennessee Forestry Association
- 46. Texas Forestry Association
- 47. The Hardwood Federation
- 48. Treated Wood Council
- 49. Virginia Forestry Association
- 50. Washington Forest Protection Association
- 51. West Coast Lumber & Building Material Association
- 52. Western Wood Preservers Institute
- 53. West Virginia Forestry Association

CC: The Honorable Thomas Vilsack The Honorable Martin Walsh Ms. Regina McCarthy